

# PanelMatch<sup>™</sup> RangeMAX<sup>™</sup> LXMG1627-05-44

5V Dual 4W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

**PRODUCTION DATASHEET** 

### DESCRIPTION

The

The LXMG1627-05-44 is a Dual 4W This allows the inverter to match the Output *Direct Drive*<sup>TM</sup> CCFL (Cold panel's lamp current specifications. Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) Inverter specifically designed to be from the system battery or AC adapter Module compatible with the Sharp LQ104S1DG51 directly to high frequency, high-voltage /61 10.4", LQ121S1DG41/61 12.1" as well waves required to ignite and operate CCFL 10.4" Toshiba Matsushita lamps. A 12V input inverter version is also the as LTA104D182F/183F and the Samsung available: LXMG1627-12-44. LTM121SI-T01 12.1" or similar dual lamp displays that have individual lamp output Microsemi's LX6512 backlight controller, connectors on one side of the panel.

LXMG1627 modules provide the performance advantages due to designer with a vastly superior display controller's high level of integration. brightness range. The RangeMAX<sup>TM</sup> Digital Dimming Technique supplies stable flicker-free brightness control for any wide secondary-side strike-voltage regulation dimming and both open/shorted lamp protection with range (typically 50:1+) application.

The included dimming input permits brightness control from either, a DC are designed therefore as a wider voltage source, a PWM signal or an temperature external potentiometer.

The maximum output current is inverters, the major difference being the externally programmable (through the input input voltage adjustment range of the connector) over a range of 5mA to 6.5mA BRITE (dimming) pin. in 0.5mA steps.

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com Protected By U.S. Patents: 5,923,129; 5,930,121; 6,198,234; Patents Pending

## **KEY FEATURES**

The modules convert a DC voltage

which provides a number of cost and

fixed-frequency

fault timeout for open lamp condition.

range

**PRODUCT HIGHLIGHT** 

replacement for the LXMG1623-xx-44

Other benefits of this new topology are

The new LXMG1627-xx-44 modules

near

design

utilizes

operation,

drop-in-

the

module's

- Externally Programmable Maximum Output Current
- Easy to Use Brightness Control
- RangeMAX Wide Range Dimming
- **Output Open & Short-Circuit Protection** and Automatic Strike-Voltage Regulation and Timeout
- Fixed Frequency Operation
- Rated From -30°C to 80°C
- UL60950 E175910 Pending
- **RoHS** Compliant

## APPLICATIONS

- LCD's Requiring Both Output Connectors on One Side of Panel
- Sharp LQ104S1DG51/61 and LQ121S1DG41/61
- Samsung LTM121SI-T01
- Toshiba Matsushita
- LTA104D182F/183F
- Desktop Displays
- Industrial Display Controls

### BENEFITS

- Smooth, Flicker Free 2%-100% Full-Range Brightness Control
- Programmable Output Current Allows Inverter to Mate With a Wide Variety of LCD Panel's Specifications
- Output Open Circuit Voltage **Regulation Minimizes Corona** Discharge For High Reliability

**UNIVERSAL DIMMING INPUT** "PWM", V<sub>DC</sub>, OR POTENTIOMETER *₹* 500k PWM DC Voltage Potentiometer Signal Source իլյան  $(\bigcirc)$ SELECTABLE MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT 5.0MARMS TO 6.5MARMS PACKAGE ORDER INFO

PART NUMBER	OUTPUT CONNECTOR	INVERTER MATES DIRECTLY TO PANEL CONNECTORS
LXMG1627-05-44	JST SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB (LF)(SN) or Yeon Ho 20015WR-05A00 or equivalent	JST BHR-03VS-1

LXMG1627-05-44



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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Input Signal Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	0.3V to 6V
Input Power	
Output Voltage, no load	
Output Current	
Output Power (each output)	
Input Signal Voltage (SLEEP Input)	-0.3V to V <sub>IN</sub>
Input Signal Voltage (BRITE)	-0.3V to 5.5V
Ambient Operating Temperature, zero airflow	
Operating Relative Humidity, non-condensing	
Storage Temperature Range	

Note: Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of specified terminal.

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (R.C.)**

This module has been designed to operate over a wide range of input and output conditions. However, best efficiency and performance will be obtained if the module is operated under the condition listed in the 'R.C.' column. Min. and Max. columns indicate values beyond which the inverter, although operational, might not function optimally.

Parameter	Symbol	Recommended Operating Conditions			Units	
Falanleter	Symbol	Min	Min R.C.		Units	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Fully Regulated Lamp Current)	V <sub>IN</sub>	4.75	5	5.25	V	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Functional)		4.5	5	5.5		
Output Power (each output)	Po		3.5	4.0	W	
Linear BRITE Control Input Voltage Range <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub>	0		2.5	V	
Lamp Operating Voltage	VLAMP	450	530	610	V <sub>RMS</sub>	
Lamp Current (Full Brightness) <sup>2</sup>	IOLAMP	5.0		6.5	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	TA	-30		80	°C	

<sup>1</sup> The BRITE minimum input voltage level is 0V to 2.5V, whereas it is 0.5V to 2.0V in the LXMG1623-05-44 inverter.

<sup>2</sup>At input voltages below 5V the inverter may not be able to output the full 6.5mA<sub>RMS</sub> per lamp in all configurations.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of 0°C to  $60^{\circ}$ C, BRITE  $\geq 2.5$ V,  $\overline{\text{SLEEP}} \geq 2.0$ V,  $V_{\text{IN}} = 5$ V except where otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	LXMG1627-05-44			Units
Farameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
OUTPUT PIN CHARACTERISTICS						
Full Bright Lamp Current (each output)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	$SET_1 = Ground, SET_2 = Ground$	4.5	5.0	5.5	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Full Bright Lamp Current (each output)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	$SET_1 = Ground, SET_2 = Open$	5.0	5.5	6.0	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Full Bright Lamp Current (each output)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	$SET_1 = Open, SET_2 = Ground$	5.5	6.0	6.5	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Full Bright Lamp Current (each output)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	$SET_1 = Open, SET_2 = Open$	6.0	6.5	7.0	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Output Current Lamp to Lamp Deviation	I <sub>LL%DEV</sub>	$SET_1 = Open, SET_2 = Open$		3	10	%
Min. Average Lamp Current (each output)	I <sub>L(MIN)</sub>	$\begin{array}{l} \text{BRITE = 0V, SET_1 = SET_2 = Ground,} \\ \text{I}_{\text{L(MIN)}} = \text{I}_{\text{LMAX}} * \sqrt{\text{Burst Duty Cycle}} \end{array}$	0.7	1.2	1.7	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Lamp Start Voltage	V <sub>LS</sub>	-30°C < T <sub>A</sub> < 80°C, V <sub>IN</sub> > 4.75V	1400	1600		V <sub>RMS</sub>
Operating Frequency	fo		54	60	66	kHz
Burst Frequency	f <sub>BURST</sub>	Output Burst Frequency	198	233	268	Hz



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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of 0°C to 60°C, BRITE  $\ge 2.5V$ ,  $\overline{\text{SLEEP}} \ge 2.0V$ ,  $V_{\text{IN}} = 5V$  except where otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		LXMG1627-05-44		
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input Current	I <sub>BRT</sub>	BRITE = 0V		-18		μA
	IBRI	BRITE = 2.5V		-7		μA
Minimum Input for Max. Lamp Current	$V_{BRT\_ADJ}$	I <sub>O(LAMP)</sub> = Maximum Lamp Current	2.1	2.3	2.5	V
Maximum Input for Min. Lamp Current	$V_{BRT\_ADJ}$	I <sub>O(LAMP)</sub> = Minimum Lamp Current	0			V
Minimum PWM Input Frequency	$F_{BRT_PWM}$	% <sub>BRT_PWM</sub> < 50% (Visual Artifact Avoidance)	8			kHz
SLEEP BAR INPUT						
RUN Mode	V		2.0		V <sub>IN</sub>	V
SLEEP Mode	V		0		0.8	V
SET <sub>1,2</sub> INPUT						
SET <sub>1,2</sub> Low Threshold	VL			0		V
Input Current	I <sub>SET</sub>	SETx = 0V		-420		μA
POWER CHARACTERISTICS						
Sleep Current	I <sub>IN(MIN)</sub>	SLEEP ≤ 0.8V		5	20	μA
Run Current	I <sub>IN(RUN)</sub>	SET <sub>1</sub> = Open, SET <sub>2</sub> = Ground, $V_{LAMP}$ = 530 $V_{RMS}$		1460		mA
Strike (Open Lamps)	Ts_dwell		1.0	1.3	2	Sec
Supply Current After Fault Timeout	I <sub>FAULT</sub>	Fault Timeout		7		mA
Efficiency	η	SET <sub>1</sub> = Open, SET <sub>2</sub> = Ground, $V_{LAMP}$ = 530 $V_{RMS}$		80		%

	FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION						
CONN	ΡιΝ	DESCRIPTION					
CN1 (Molex assembly	CN1 (Molex 53261-0871 or equivalent) Mates with 51021-0800 housing, 50079-8100 pins. Mates with LX9501G input cable assembly						
CN1-1	V <sub>IN</sub>	Main Input Power Supply (4.75V $\leq$ V <sub>IN</sub> $\leq$ 5.25V)					
CN1-2							
CN1-3	GND	Power Supply Return					
CN1-4	GND						
CN1-5	SLEEP	ON/OFF Control. ( $0V \le \overline{SLEEP} \le 0.8 = OFF$ , $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V = ON$ )					
CN1-6	BRITE	Brightness Control (0V to 2.5V). 2.5V insures maximum lamp current.					
CN1-7	SET <sub>1</sub>	SET <sub>1</sub> MSB Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1)					
CN1-8	SET <sub>2</sub>	SET <sub>2</sub> LSB Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1)					
CN2, CN3 f	CN2, CN3 for LXMG1627-05-44 (JST SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB (LF)(SN) or Yeon Ho 20015WR-05A00 or equivalent)						
CN2-1 CN3-1	V <sub>HI</sub>	High voltage connection to high side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to Ground.					
CN2-2 CN3-2	V <sub>LO</sub>	Connection to low side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to Ground					



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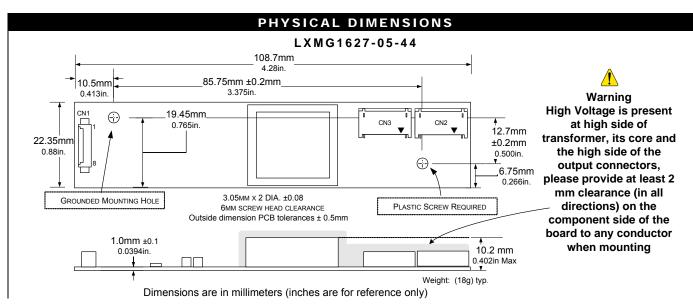
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### TABLE 1

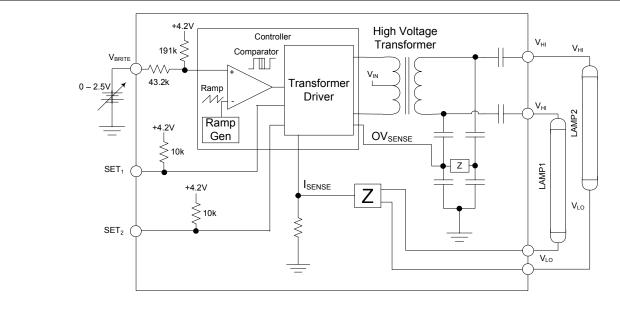
#### OUTPUT CURRENT SETTINGS

SET₁ (Pin 7)	SET <sub>2</sub> (Pin 8)	Nominal Output Current
Open*	Open*	6.5mA
Open*	Ground	6.0mA
Ground	Open*	5.5mA
Ground	Ground	5.0mA

\* If driven by a logic signal it should be open collector or open drain only, not a voltage source.



## SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM

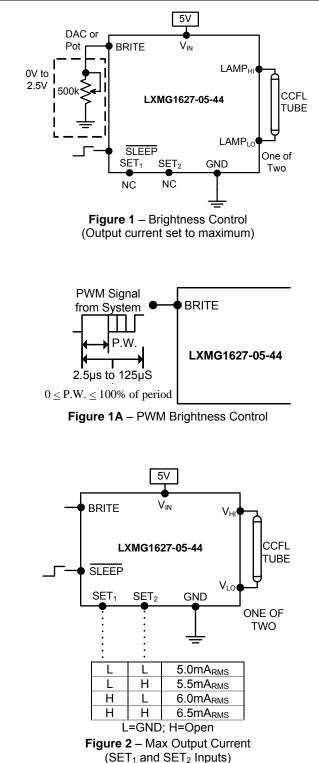




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### TYPICAL APPLICATION



The brightness control may be a voltage output DAC or other voltage source, a digital pot or 500k manual pot. The inverter contains an internal 191k pull-up resistor in series with 43.2k to 4.2V to bias the pot (see block diagram). A PWM logic level signal (figure 1A) may be used up to 5V; however the inverter will reach maximum current at less than 100% duty cycle. This can be calculated as approximately 2.3V divided by the logic high voltage level; with 3.3V logic level this corresponds to about 70% duty cycle for maximum lamp current

- If you need to turn the inverter ON/OFF remotely, connect to TTL logic signal to the SLEEP input.
- <sup>1</sup> Connect V<sub>HI</sub> to high voltage wire from the lamp. Connect V<sub>LO</sub> to the low voltage wire (wire with thinner insulation). Never connect V<sub>LO</sub> to circuit ground as this will defeat lamp current regulation. If both lamp wires have heavy high voltage insulation, connect the longest wire to V<sub>LO</sub>. This wire is typically white.
- Use the SET<sub>1</sub> and SET<sub>2</sub> (see Figure 2) inputs to select the desired maximum output current. Using these two pins in combination allows the inverter to match a wide variety of panels from different manufacturers. Generally the best lamp lifetime correlates with driving the CCFL at the manufacturer's nominal current setting. However the SET<sub>1</sub> and SET<sub>2</sub> inputs allow the user the flexibility to adjust the current to the maximum allowable output current to increase panel brightness at the expense of some reduced lamp life.
- Although the SET pins are designed such that just leaving them open or grounding them is all that is needed to set the output current, they can also be actively set. Using an open collector or open drain logic signal will allow you to reduce the lamp current for situations where greater dim range is required, as an example in nighttime situations. Since the dim ratio is a factor of both the burst duty cycle and the peak output current, using this technique the effective dim ratio can be increased greater than the burst duty cycle alone. Conversely, the SET inputs could be used to overdrive the lamp temporarily to facilitate faster lamp warm up at initial lamp turn on. Of course, any possible degradation on lamp life from such practices is the user's responsibility since not all lamps are designed to be overdriven.
- The inverter has a built in fault timeout function. If the output is open (lamp disconnected or broken) the inverter will attempt to strike the lamp for about 1.3 seconds, without success the inverter will shutdown. In order to restart the inverter it is necessary to toggle the sleep input or cycle the  $V_{IN}$  input supply. If either high side lamp output is directly connected to ground the inverter will immediately shutdown.

APPLICATION



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### NOTES

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