

Gas Gauge IC with External Charge Control

Features

Conservative and repeatable measurement of available charge in rechargeable batteries

Charge control output operates an external charge controller such as the bq2004 Fast Charge IC

Designed for battery pack integration

- 120 A typical standby current

Display capacity via single-wire serial communication port or direct drive of LEDs

Measurements compensated for current and temperature

Self-discharge compensation using internal temperature sensor

User-selectable end-of-discharge threshold

Battery voltage, nominal available charge, temperature, etc. available over serial port

16-pin narrow SOIC

General Description

The bq2014 Gas Gauge IC is intended for battery-pack or in-system installation to maintain an accurate record of available battery charge. The IC monitors the voltage drop across a sense resistor connected in series between the negative battery terminal and ground to determine charge and discharge activity of the battery.

Self-discharge of NiMH and NiCd batteries is estimated based on an internal timer and temperature sensor. Compensations for battery temperature and rate of charge or discharge are applied to the charge, discharge, and self-discharge calculations to provide available charge information across a wide range of operating conditions. Battery capacity is automatically recalibrated, or "learned," in the course of a discharge cycle from full to empty.

The bq2014 includes a charge control output that controls an external Fast Charge IC such as the bq2004.

Nominal Available Charge (NAC) may be directly indicated using a five-segment LED display.

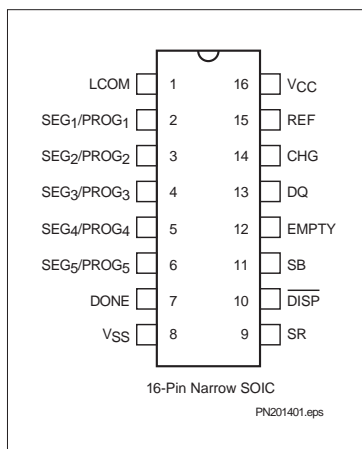
The bq2014 supports a simple single-line bidirectional serial link to an external processor (with a common ground). The bq2014 outputs battery information in response to external commands over the serial link.

Internal registers include available charge, -tings. To support subassembly testing, the outputs may also be controlled. The external processor may also overwrite some of the bq2014 gas gauge data registers.

The bq2014 may operate directly from three or four cells. With the REF output and an external transistor, a simple, inexpensive regulator can be built to provide V

cc across a greater number of cells.

Pin Connections



12/95 C

Pin Names

LCOM	LED common output	REF	Voltage reference output
SEG ₁ /PROG ₁	LED segment 1/ program 1 input	CHG	Charge control output
SEG ₂ /PROG ₂	LED segment 2/ program 2 input	DQ	Serial communications input/output
SEG ₃ /PROG ₃	LED segment 3/ program 3 input	EMPTY	Empty battery indicator output
SEG ₄ /PROG ₄	LED segment 4/ program 4 input	SB	Battery sense input
SEG ₅ /PROG ₅	LED segment 5/ program 5 input	$\overline{\text{DISP}}$	Display control input
DONE	Fast charge complete	SR	Sense resistor input
		V _{CC}	3.0–6.5V
		V _{SS}	System ground

Pin Descriptions

LCOM	LED common output
	<p>When the LED common output is active, the LED common output is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor. The LED common output is active when the LED common output is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor. The LED common output is active when the LED common output is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor.</p>
SEG₁, SEG₅	LED display segment outputs (dual function with PROG₁ - PROG₅)
	<p>Each LED display segment output is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor. The LED display segment output is active when the LED display segment output is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor.</p>
PROG₁, PROG₅	Programmed full count selection inputs (dual function with SEG₁ - SEG₅)
	<p>Each programmed full count selection input is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor. The programmed full count selection input is active when the programmed full count selection input is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor.</p>
PROG₃, PROG₄	Gas gauge rate selection inputs (dual function with SEG₃ - SEG₄)
	<p>Each gas gauge rate selection input is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor. The gas gauge rate selection input is active when the gas gauge rate selection input is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor.</p>
PROG₅	Self-discharge rate selection (dual function with SEG₅)
	<p>Each self-discharge rate selection input is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor. The self-discharge rate selection input is active when the self-discharge rate selection input is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor.</p>
CHG	Charge control output
	<p>The charge control output is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor. The charge control output is active when the charge control output is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor.</p>
DONE	Fast charge complete
	<p>The fast charge complete output is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor. The fast charge complete output is active when the fast charge complete output is pulled up to V_{CC} through a 20kΩ resistor.</p>

© 2004 Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation
 200 Ω

bq2014

Voltage Thresholds

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

$$\frac{2}{3} = -1$$

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

$$ED\ 1(\text{V}) = 1.05$$

$$ED\ F(\text{V}) = 0.95$$

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

EMPTY Output

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

Reset

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

Temperature

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

TMPGG (hex)	Temperature Range
0	< -30 C
1	-30 C .. -20 C
2	-20 C .. -10 C
3	-10 C .. 0 C
4	0 C .. 10 C
5	10 C .. 20 C
6	20 C .. 30 C
7	30 C .. 40 C
8	40 C .. 50 C
9	50 C .. 60 C
A	60 C .. 70 C
B	70 C .. 80 C
C	> 80 C

Layout Considerations

The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

- The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:
- The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:
- The bq2014 has three voltage thresholds (ED) that are used to monitor the battery voltage. The thresholds are defined by the following equations:

Gas Gauge Operation

... F, 2 ...
... 2014. ... 2014

... C ...
... W

... A ... C (AC),
... B ... AC
... AC ... DC (D ...
... C ...)

... D ... C ... (DC)
... D ... (D)

... 2014 ...

... F C n (FC) ... 2. n
... D ... AC ...
... w ...
... w ...

... 2014 ...
... AC ... 2-
... w ... AC ...
... AC . A

... n n ...
AC ...
... AC ...
... () ... AC ...
AC ...
... w ...
... w ... 256.
... 2, 4, 8, ...
... w ...
... n

1. Last Measured Discharge (LMD) or learned batter capacit :

D ...
... (... CC ...
...), D = FC. D ...
... D ...
... D ... C ...
(DC) ...
ED 1. A ... DC ... D ...
... D ... 100% ...

2. Programmed Full Count (PFC) or initial batter capacit :

D ...
... G1 ... G4. ... 2014 ...
... n ...
FC ... 2. ... FC ...

$$B = \frac{A}{FC} = \frac{2200 \text{ A}}{0.1} = 22000 \text{ A} \cdot \Omega = 5 \cdot 400$$

$$FC = \frac{A}{B} = \frac{2200 \text{ A}}{22000 \text{ A} \cdot \Omega} = 0.1$$

Example: Selecting a PFC Value

- Given:
- $R = 0.1 \Omega$
 - $n = 6$
 - $C_{max} = 2200 \text{ A}$, $C_{min} = 50 \text{ A}$

211
 (2110 A) 2014 ED 1.

3. Nominal Available Charge (NAC):

AC = 0. AC = 0. ED = 1. AC = D.

4. Discharge Count Register (DCR):

DC = 0. AC = 0. B < ED 1. AC = 0. DC = 0. AC = D. DC = FFFF.

- DC = D. ED 1.
- 4096 (8% 18% FC, FC).
- ≥ 0 C w. ED 1.

Charge Counting

2014
 (+) > ...
 D, F ...
 375μ ... 2014
 AC ... ED ...
 C ... AC ...

Charge Control

C G. AC > 0.94 * D.
 C G. F G 1. C G. w AC < 0.94 * D.

DONE Input

2014 D E n, AC ...
 D AC/64 (C). AC ...
 94% D (AC w 94%) AC/47 (E).

Discharge Counting

A ... < D. AC ...
 ED 1 = 0. E ... < -4 ...
 -4 D ... F ...
 D. -300

.....
.....
.....

Discharge Compensation

.....
.....
.....

.....
A
0.05 10 C
C = 1.00 + (0.05 *)
..... = n 10 C
-150

www.D... DC ...
... 255.
(C) ... D ...
... 64

Current-Sensing Error

5. ...
... A ...
... AC ...
... D.

Communicating With the bq2014

2014 ... (D ...
... A ...

bq2014 Registers

2014. 6

Command Register (CMDR)

CMDR

0

1

0

1

0

2014. CMDR

1

CMDR

Primary Status Flags Register (FLGS1)

FLGS1 (0x00000001)

charge status (CG)

CG

CG

0

1

battery replaced (B)

B

B

0 B AC = 492-22 7.95 -1.3 1 1.35

Table 6. bq2014 Command and Status Registers

Symbol	Register Name	Loc. (hex)	Read/Write	Control Field							
				7(MSB)	6	5	4	3	2	1	0(LSB)
C D	C n	00	/	AD7	AD6	AD5	AD4	AD3	AD2	AD1	AD0
F G 1	F n	01	/	C G	B	B	C	D	n/	ED 1	ED F
GG	n	02	/	3	2	1	0	GG3	GG2	GG1	GG0
AC	n	03	/	AC 7	AC 6	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC 1	AC 0
AC	n	17	/	AC 7	AC 6	AC 5	AC 4	AC 3	AC 2	AC 1	AC 0
BA D	B n	04	/	BA D7	BA D6	BA D5	BA D4	BA D3	BA D2	BA D1	BA D0
D	n	05	/	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
F G 2	n	06	/	C	D 2	D 1	D 0	n/	n/	n/	D
D	n	07	/	n/	n/	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1
	n	08	/	n/	n/	6	5	4	3	2	1
C	C n	09	/	C 7	C 6	C 5	C 4	C 3	C 2	C 1	C 0
D F	D n	0A	/	D F7	D F6	D F5	D F4	D F3	D F2	D F1	D F0
B	B n	0B	/	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	E n	0C	/	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		39			0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note: n/ = n-bit

bq2014

... C ... :

0 ...

1 ...

... C ... :

0 ...

1 ...

- **valid discharge** (D) ...
 - ... (DC) ... (4096)
 - ... > ... 256 AC ...
 - ... ED ... w0 C
- ... D ... :
- 0 ...
- 1 ...

... D ... :

0 ...

1 ...

... **first end-of-discharge warning** (ED 1) ...

... ED 1 ... :

... ED 1 ... :

0 ...

1 ...

... **final end-of-discharge warning** (ED F) ...

... ED F ... :

... ED F ... :

0 ...

1 ...

Voltage Threshold Register (VTS)

... (ED 1 ... ED F) ...

... ED F ... 100 ... ED 1 ...

... ED F = 0.95 ... ED 1 = 2.4 * (... /256).

Battery Voltage Register (VSB)

... B ... B

... B = 2.4 * (... B/256)

VSB Register Bits							
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0

Temperature and Gas Gauge Register (TMPGG)

TMPGG Temperature Bits							
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
3	2	1	0	-	-	-	-

TMPGG Gas Gauge Bits							
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
-	-	-	-	GG3	GG2	GG1	GG0

Temperature	Available Capacity Calculation
> 0 C	AC / F
-20 C < < 0 C	0.75 * AC / F
< -20 C	0.5 * AC / F

Nominal Available Charge Register (NACH/NACL)

Table 7. Temperature Register Translation

TMP3	TMP2	TMP1	TMP0	Temperature
0	0	0	0	< -30 C
0	0	0	1	-30 C < < -20 C
0	0	1	0	-20 C < < -10 C
0	0	1	1	-10 C < < 0 C
0	1	0	0	0 C < < 10 C
0	1	0	1	10 C < < 20 C
0	1	1	0	20 C < < 30 C
0	1	1	1	30 C < < 40 C
1	0	0	0	40 C < < 50 C
1	0	0	1	50 C < < 60 C
1	0	1	0	60 C < < 70 C
1	0	1	1	70 C < < 80 C
1	1	0	0	> 80 C

Battery Identification Register (BATID)

Last Measured Discharge Register (LMD)

Secondary Status Flags Register (FLGS2)

Control Register (CR)

FLGS2 Bits							
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Control Register (CR)

0: ...
1: ...

When C = 1, ... When C = 0, ...

discharge rate, D20, ... 64.

FLGS2 Bits							
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
-	D2	D1	D0	-	-	-	-

...

DR2	DR1	DR0	V _{SR} (V)
0	0	0	> -150
0	0	1	< -150

overload, (D) ...

FLGS2 Bits							
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	D

D20 ...

Program Pin Pull-Down Register (PPD)

Control Register (CR) (bits 07) ...

Control Register (CR) (bits 101001). (Note: D E ...)

Program Pin Pull-Up Register (PPU)

Control Register (CR) (bits 08) ...

PPD/PPU Bits							
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
-	-	6	5	4	3	2	1
-	-	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1

Capacity Inaccurate Count Register (CPI)

Control Register (CR) (bits 09) ...

Control Register (CR) ...

Digital Magnitude Filter (DMF)

Control Register (CR) (bits 0A) ...

Note: C ...

Reset Register (RST)

The reset register (address=39h) provides the means to perform a software-controlled reset of the device. By writing the RST register contents from 00h to 80h, a bq2014 reset is performed. Setting any bit other than the most-significant bit of the RST register is not allowed, and results in improper operation of the bq2014.

Resetting the bq2014 sets the following:

LMD = PFC

CPI, VDQ, NAC, and NACL = 0

CI and BRP = 1

Note: Self-discharge is disabled when PROG₅ = H.

Display

The bq2014 can directly display capacity information using low-power LEDs. If LEDs are used, the program pins should be resistively tied to V_{CC} or V_{SS} for a program high or program low, respectively.

The bq2014 displays the battery charge state in relative mode. In relative mode, the battery charge is represented as a percentage of the LMD. Each LED segment represents 20% of the LMD.

The capacity display is also adjusted for the present battery temperature. The temperature adjustment reflects the available capacity at a given temperature but does not affect the NAC register. The temperature adjustments are detailed in the TMPGG register description.

When $\overline{\text{DISP}}$ is tied to V_{CC}, the SEG₁₋₅ outputs are inactive. Note: $\overline{\text{DISP}}$ must be tied to V_{CC} if the LEDs are not used. When $\overline{\text{DISP}}$ is left floating, the display becomes active whenever the NAC registers are counting at a rate equivalent to V_{SRO} < -4mV or charge current is detected, V_{SRO} > V_{SRQ}. When pulled low, the segment outputs become active immediately. A capacitor tied to $\overline{\text{DISP}}$ allows the display to remain active for a short period of time after activation by a push-button switch.

The segment outputs are modulated as two banks of three, with segments 1, 3, and 5 alternating with segments 2 and 4. The segment outputs are modulated at approximately 100Hz, with each segment bank active for 30% of the period.

SEG₁ blinks at a 4Hz rate whenever V_{SB} has been detected to be below V_{EDV1} (EDV1 = 1), indicating a low-battery condition. V_{SB} below V_{EDVF} (EDVF = 1) disables the display output.

Microregulator

The bq2014 can operate directly from 3 or 4 cells. To facilitate the power supply requirements of the bq2014, an REF output is provided to regulate an external low-threshold n-FET. A micropower source for the bq2014 can be inexpensively built using the FET and an external resistor; see Figure 1.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	Notes
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	-0.3	7.0	V	
V _A	Analog Input Voltage	-0.3	7.0	V	
V _{EF}	Emitter-Follower Output Voltage	-0.3	8.5	V	Continuous load, R _L = 1 kΩ, F _L = 1 kHz, R _{TH} = 100Ω
V _{CE}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	-0.3	7.0	V	Continuous load, R _L = 1 kΩ, F _L = 1 kHz, R _{TH} = 100Ω (see Figure 2014-1)
I _C	Collector Current	0	70	mA	Continuous

DC Electrical Characteristics (TA = TOPR)

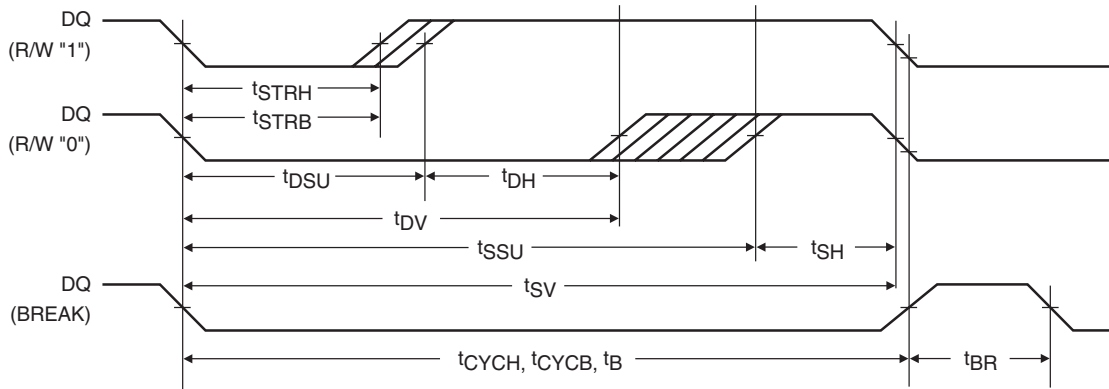
Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Notes
V _{CC}	V _{CC}	3.0	4.25	6.5	V	

Serial Communication Timing Specification

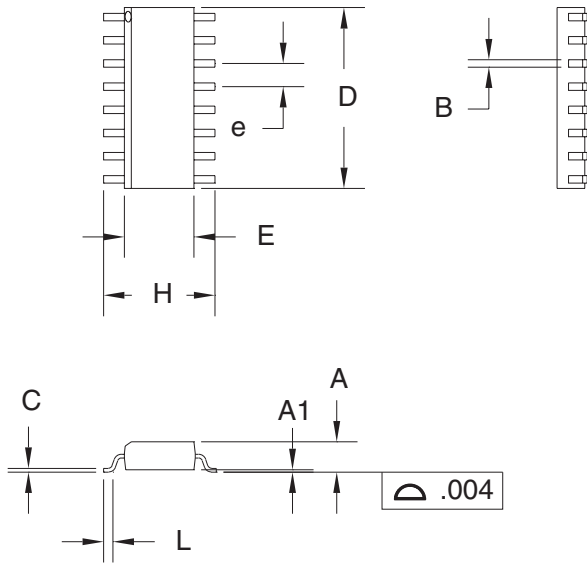
Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Notes
t _{CC}	Clock period, 2014	3	-	-	ns	
t _{CCB}	Clock period, 2014	3	-	6	ns	
t _{STRH}	Setup time, 2014	5	-	-	ns	
t _{STRB}	Setup time, 2014	500	-	-	μs	
t _{DH}	Hold time	-	-	750	μs	
t _{DV}	Delay time	750	-	-	μs	
t _{DSU}	Delay time	1.50	-	-	ns	
t _{DV}	Delay time	-	-	2.25	ns	
t _{SSU}	Setup time	700	-	-	μs	
t _{SV}	Setup time	2.95	-	-	ns	
t _{SH}	Hold time	3	-	-	ns	
t _{BR}	Break time	1	-	-	ns	

Note: D₁ and D₂ are the data bus signals. CC is the clock signal. D is the data bus signal.

Serial Communication Timing Illustration



16-Pin SOIC Narrow (SN)



16-Pin SN (SOIC Narrow)

Dimension	Minimum	Maximum
A	0.060	0.070
A1	0.004	0.010
B	0.013	0.020
C	0.007	0.010
D	0.385	0.400
E	0.150	0.160
e	0.045	0.055
H	0.225	0.245
L	0.015	0.035

All dimensions are in inches.

ChangeNo.

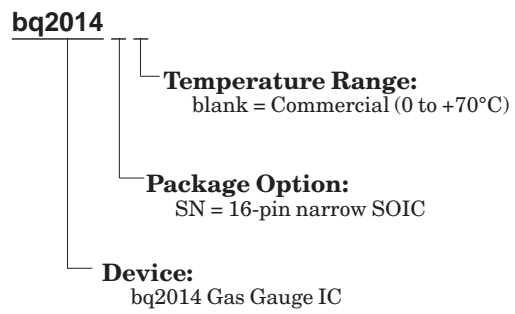
Page No.

Description

Nature of Change

bq2014

Ordering Information





PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾	Samples (Requires Login)
BQ2014SN-D120	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	Request Free Samples
BQ2014SN-D120G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	Request Free Samples
BQ2014SN-D120TR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	Purchase Samples
BQ2014SN-D120TRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	Purchase Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

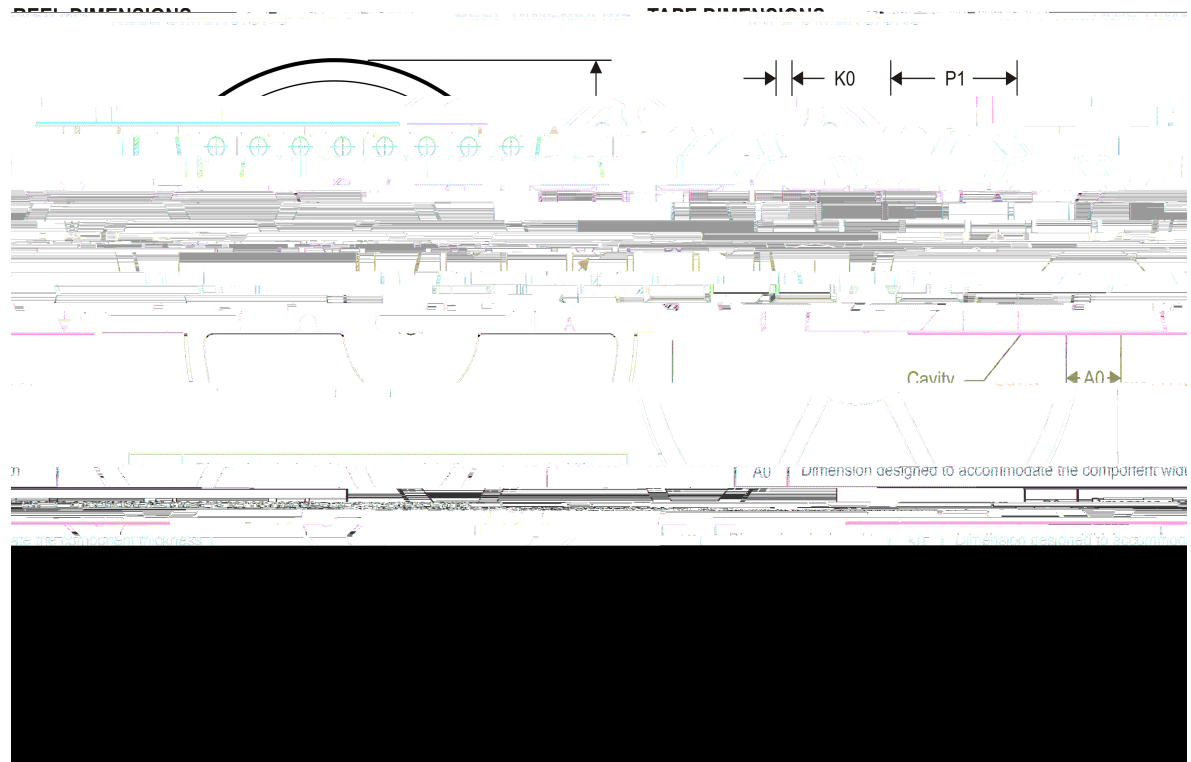
Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

Important Information and Disclaimer:The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

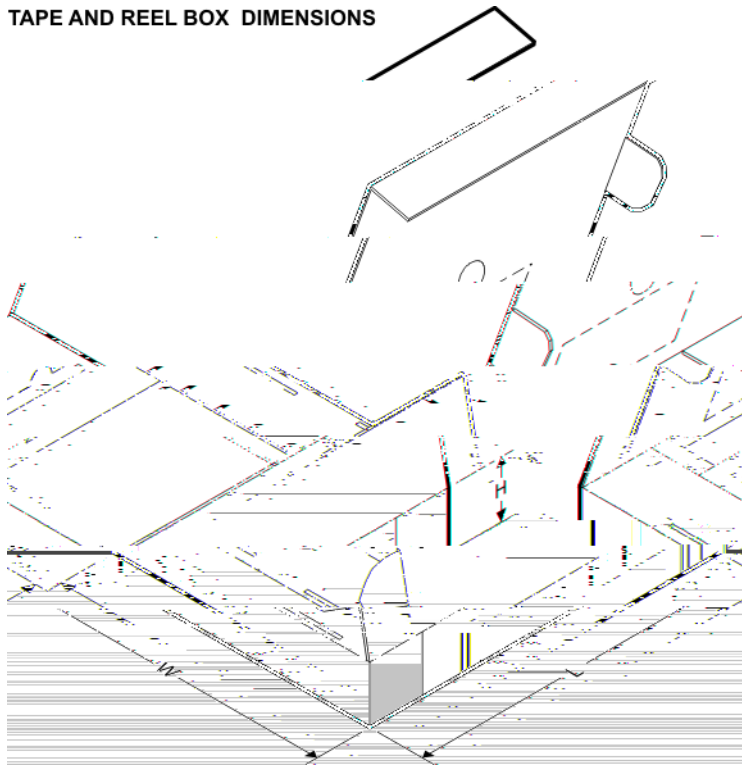
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
BQ2014SN-D120TR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0		

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

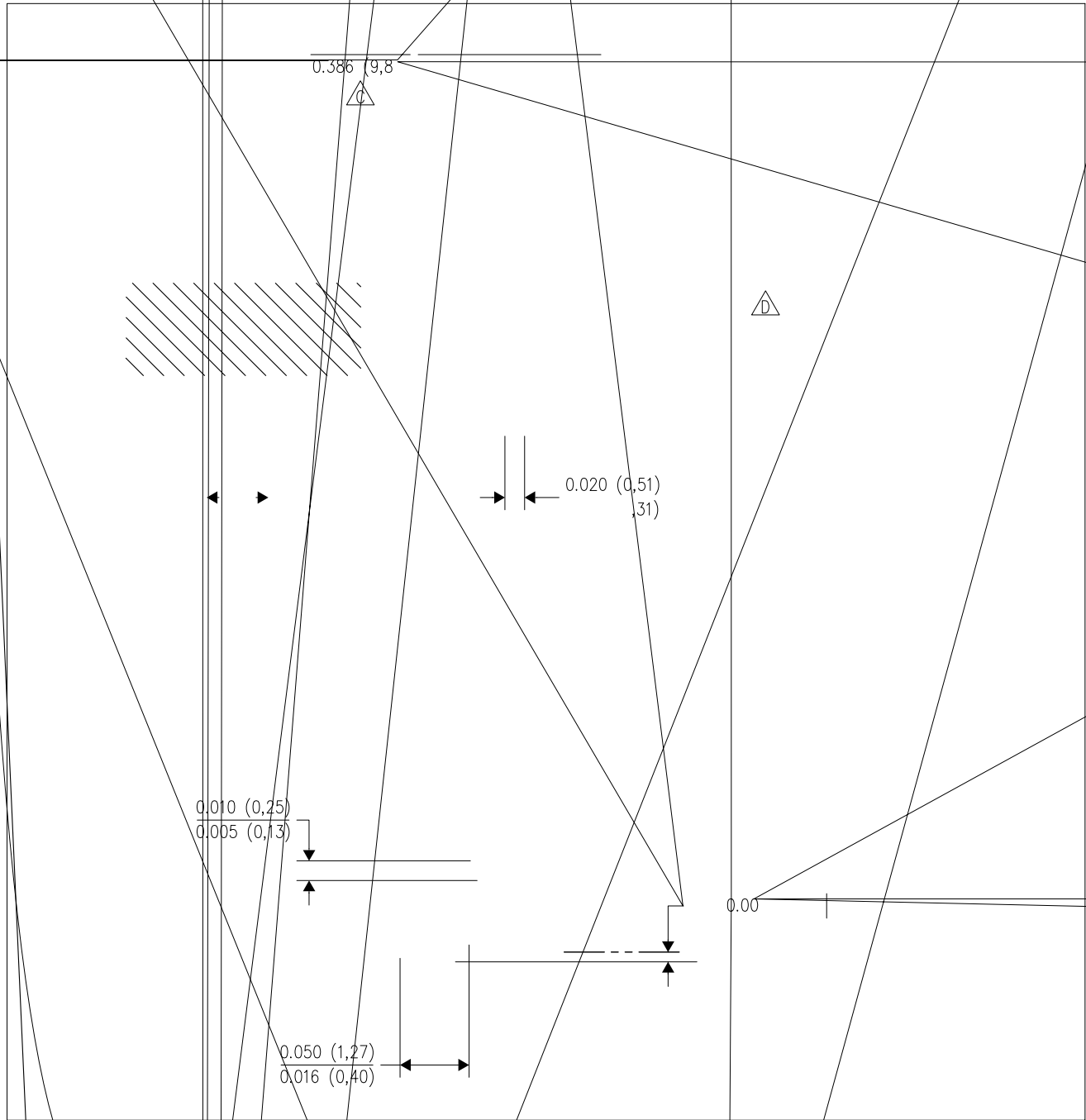


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins
--------	--------------	-----------------	------

MECHANICAL DATA

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NO

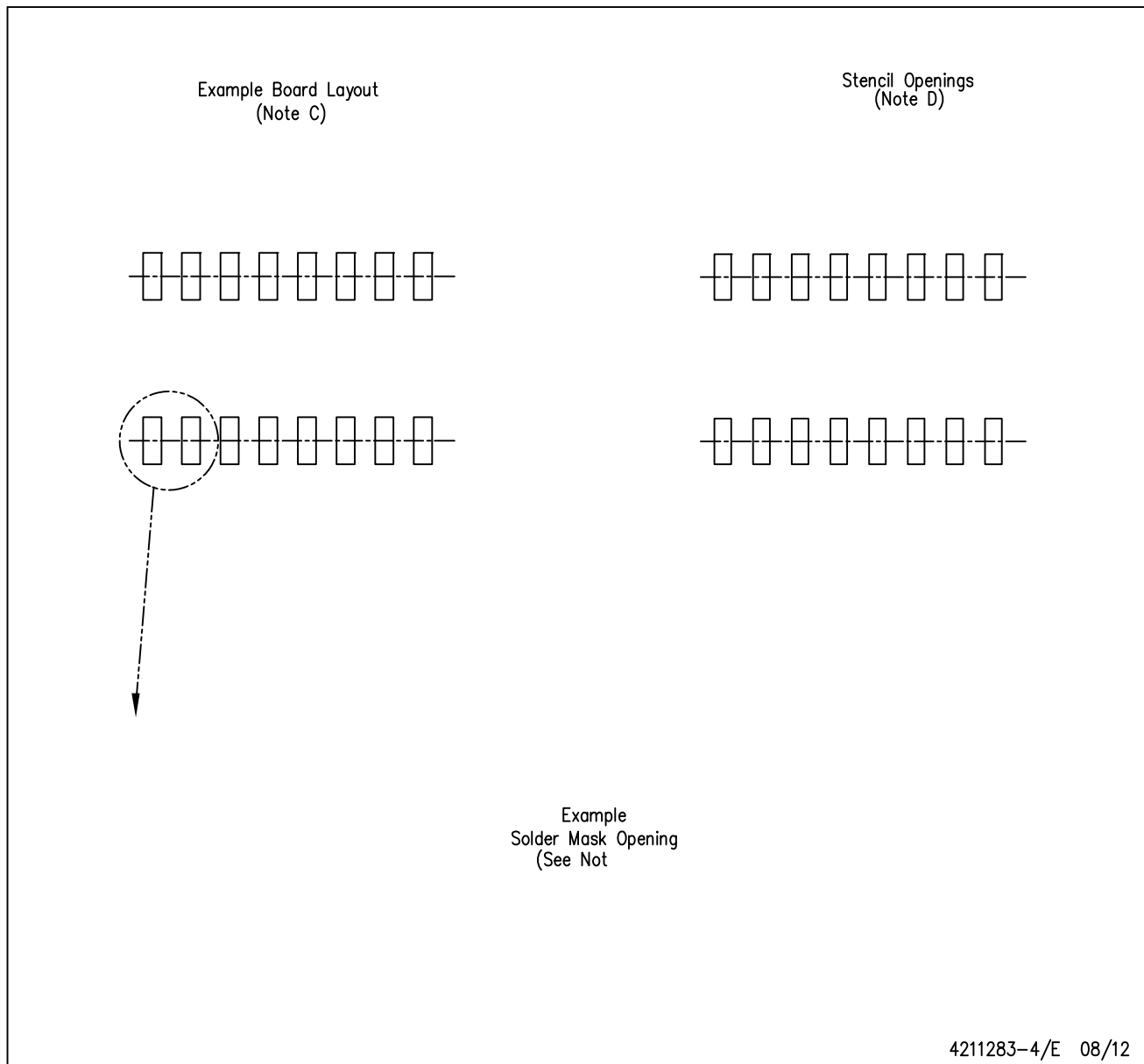
(C) not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006.

(D) do not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.

E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.

D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have **not** been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components which meet ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. Components which have not been so designated are neither designed nor intended for automotive use; and TI will not be responsible for any failure of such components to meet such requirements.

Products

Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com
DSP	dsp.ti.com
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks
Interface	interface.ti.com
Logic	logic.ti.com
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com
OMAP Applications Processors	www.ti.com/omap
Wireless Connectivity	www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity

Applications

Automotive and Transportation	www.ti.com/automotive
Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications
Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers
Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps
Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy
Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial
Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Security	www.ti.com/security
Space, Avionics and Defense	www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense
Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video

TI E2E Community

e2e.ti.com