ASSP For Power Supply Applications BIPOLAR Power Voltage Monitoring IC with Watchdog Timer

MB3793-27A

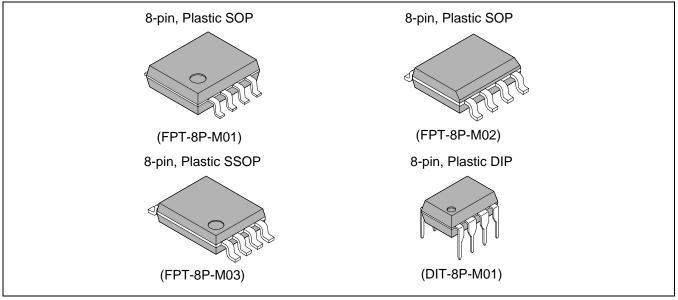
DESCRIPTION

The MB3793 is an integrated circuit to monitor power voltage; it incorporates a watchdog timer. A reset signal is output when the power is cut or falls abruptly. When the power recovers normally after resetting, a power-on reset signal is output to microprocessor units (MPUs). An internal watchdog timer with two inputs for system operation diagnosis can provide a fall-safe function for various application systems. There is also a mask option that can detect voltages of 4.9 to 2.4 V in 0.1-V steps.

FEATURES

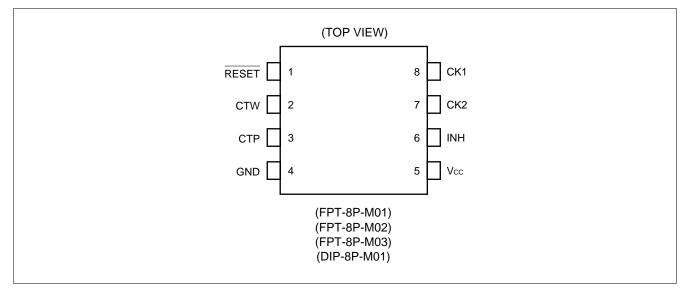
- Precise detection of power voltage fall: ±2.5%
- Detection voltage with hysteresis
- Low power dispersion: Icc = 31 μ A (reference)
- Internal dual-input watchdog timer
- Watchdog-timer halt function (by inhibition pin)
- · Independently-set wacthdog and reset times

PACKAGE





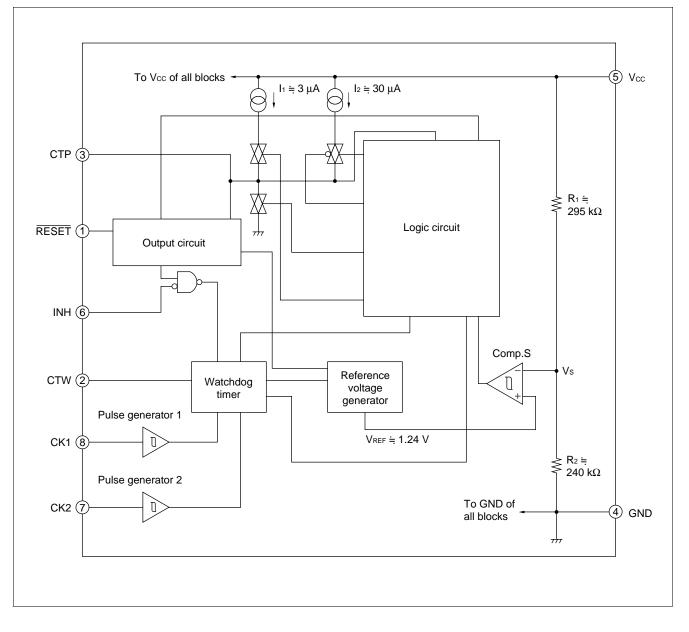
■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin no.	Symbol	Descriptions	Pin no.	Symbol	Descriptions
1	RESET	Outputs reset pin	5	Vcc	Power supply pin
2	CTW	Watchdog timer monitor time setting pin	6	INH	Inhibit pin
3	СТР	Power-on reset hold time setting pin	7	CK2	Inputs clock 2 pin
4	GND	Ground pin	8	CK1	Inputs clock 1 pin

BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ BLOCK DESCRIPTION

1. Comp. S

Comp. S is a comparator with hysteresis to compare the reference voltage with a voltage (Vs) that is the result of dividing the power voltage (Vcc) by resistors 1 and 2. When Vs falls below 1.24 V, a reset signal is output. This function enables the MB3793 to detect an abnomality within 1 μ s when the power is cut or falls abruptly.

2. Output circuit

The output circuit contains a RESET output control comparator that compares the voltage at the CTP pin to the threshold voltage to release the RESET output if the CTP pin voltage exceeds the threshold value.

Since the reset (RESET) output buffer has CMOS organization, no pull-up resistor is needed.

3. Pulse generator

The pulse generator generates pulses when the voltage at the CK1 and CK2 clock pins changes to High from Low level (positive-edge trigger) and exceeds the threshold voltage; it sends the clock signal to the watchdog timer.

4. Watchdog timer

The watchdog timer can monitor two clock pulses. Short-circuit the CK1 and CK2 clock pins to monitor a single clock pulse.

5. Inhibition pin

The inhibition (INH) pin forces the watchdog timer on/off. When this pin is High level, the watchdog timer is stopped.

6. Logic circuit

The logic circuit contains flip-flops.

Flip-flop RSFF1 controls the charging and discharging of the power-on reset time setting capacitor (CTP).

Flip-flop RSFF2 turns on/off the circuit that accelerates charging of the power-on reset time setting capacitor (C_{TP}) at a reset. The RSFF2 operates only at a reset; it does not operate at a power-on reset when the power is turned on.

 $(Ta = +25^{\circ}C)$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Rating		Unit	
Farameter		Symbol	Conditions	Min	Max	Onic
Power supply voltage*		Vcc	_	-0.3	+7	V
	CK1	Vск1	_			
Input voltage*	CK2	Vск2	_	-0.3	+7	V
	INH	IINH	_			
Reset output current	RESET	Іо∟ Іон		-10	+10	mA
Power dissipation		PD	Ta ≤ +85°C	—	200	mW
Storage temperature		Tstg	_	-55	+125	°C

*: The voltage is based on the ground voltage (0 V).

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
Farameter			Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	—	1.2	_	6.0	V
Reset (RESET) output current	Іо∟ Іон	_	-5	_	+5	mA
Power-on reset hold time setting capacity	Стр	_	0.001	—	10	μF
Watchdog-timer monitoring time setting capacity*	Стw	_	0.001		1	μF
Operating temperature	Та	—	-40	—	+85	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

*: The watchdog timer monitor time range depends on the rating of the setting capacitor.

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. DC Characteristics

(Vcc = +3.3 V, Ta = +25°C)

Deremeter	Symbol	Conditions		Value			Unit	
Parameter	Symbol Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Power supply current	Icc1	After exit fro	om reset	—	31	55	μΑ	
	Vsl	Vcc falling	Ta = +25 °C	2.63	2.70	2.77	V	
Detection voltage	VSL	vec raining	Ta = -40 °C to +85 °C	(2.59)*	2.70	(2.81)*	V	
Delection voltage	Vsн	Vcc rising	Ta = +25 °C	2.69	2.76	2.87	V	
	VSH	veensing	Ta = -40 °C to +85 °C	(2.65)*	2.76	(2.87)*	V	
Detection voltage hysteresis difference	Vshys	V _{SH} – V _{SL}		35	65	95	mV	
Clock input throshold voltage	Vсін	CK rising		(0.7)*	1.3	1.9	V	
Clock-input threshold voltage	Vcil	CK falling		0.5	1.0	(1.5)*	V	
Clock-input hysteresis	VCHTS		—	(0.1)*	0.3	(0.6)*	V	
Inhibition input voltage	Viih	_		2.2	—		V	
Inhibition-input voltage	VIIL	—		_	0	0.8	v	
Input current	Ін	Vск = 5 V		_	0	1.0	μΑ	
(CK1, CK2, INH)	lı∟	Vск = 0 V		-1.0	0	_	μA	
React output voltage	Vон	Ireset = -5 mA		2.8	3.10		V	
Reset output voltage	Vol	IRESET = +5 mA		_	0.12	0.4	V	
Reset-output minimum power voltage	Vccl	IRESET = +50 μA			0.8	1.2	V	

*: The values enclosed in parentheses () are setting assurance values.

2. AC Characteristics

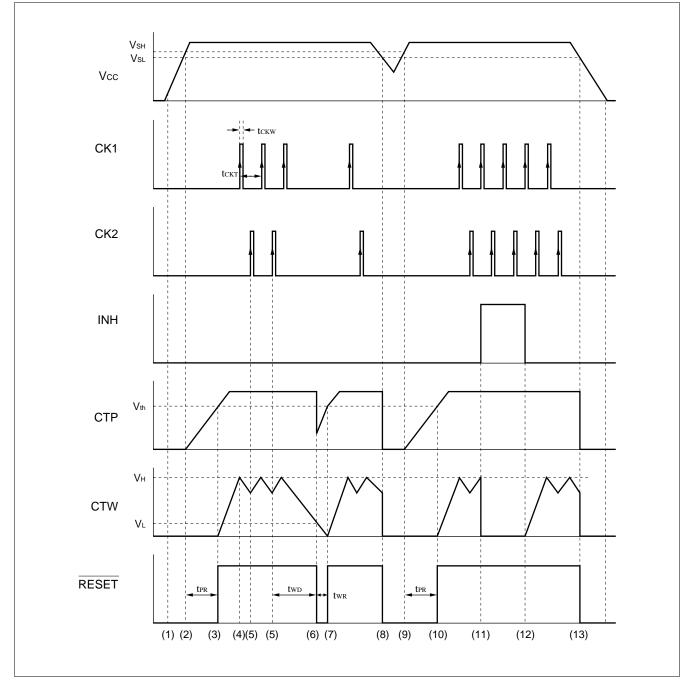
(Vcc = +3.3 V, Ta = +25°C)

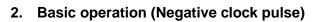
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
		Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power-on reset hold time		t PR	$C_{\text{TP}} = 0.1 \ \mu\text{F}$	30	75	120	ms
Vcc input pulse width		t ₽I	$C_{\text{TP}} = 0.1 \ \mu\text{F}$	(8)*2	_	—	μs
Vcc delay time	t PD	$C_{\text{TP}} = 0.1 \ \mu\text{F}$	—	2	(10)*2	μs	
Watchdog timer monitor time		twd	$C_{TW} = 0.01 \ \mu F,$ $C_{TP} = 0.1 \ \mu F$	8	16	24	ms
Watchdog timer reset time		twr	$C_{\text{TP}} = 0.1 \ \mu\text{F}$	2	5.5	9	ms
Clock input pulse width		t скw		500		—	ns
Clock input pulse cycle		t скт		20	_	—	μs
Reset (RESET) output transition	Rising	tr*1	C∟ = 50 pF	—	_	500	ns
time	Falling	t ^{f*1}	C∟ = 50 pF		_	500	ns

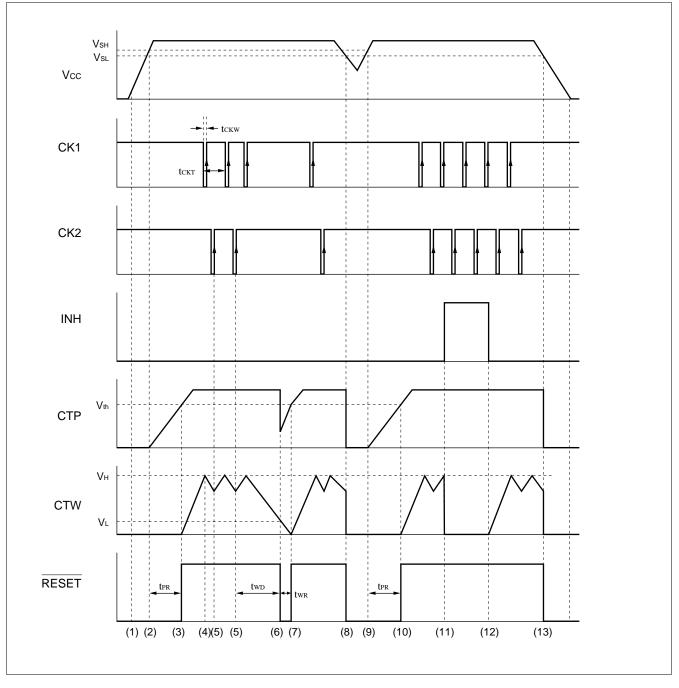
*1:The voltage range is 10% to 90% at testing the reset output transition time.

*2:The values enclosed in parentheses () are setting assurance values.

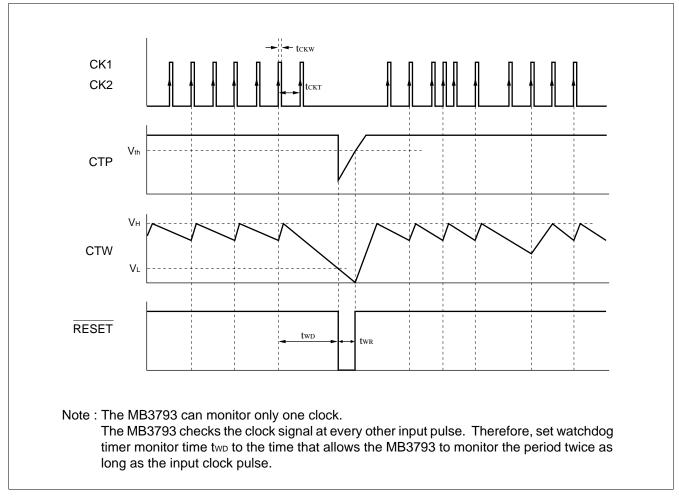
1. Basic operation (Positive clock pulse)





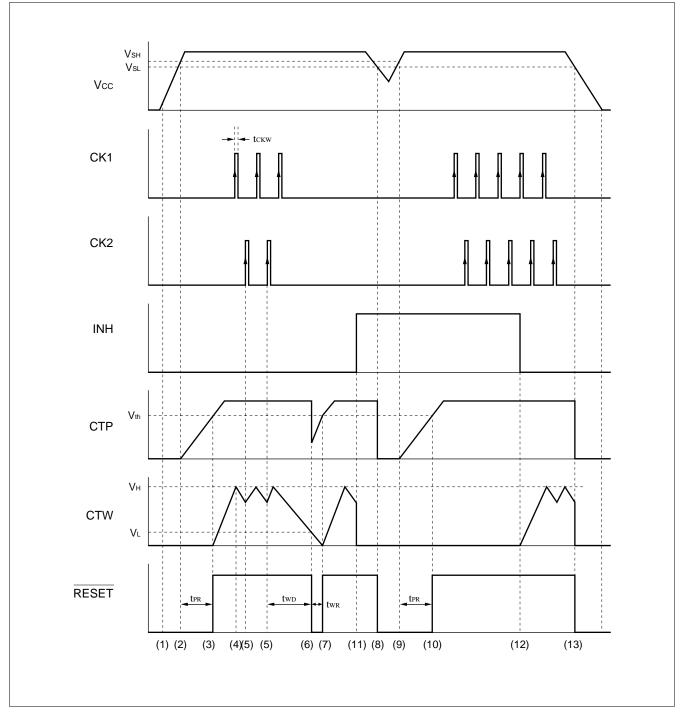


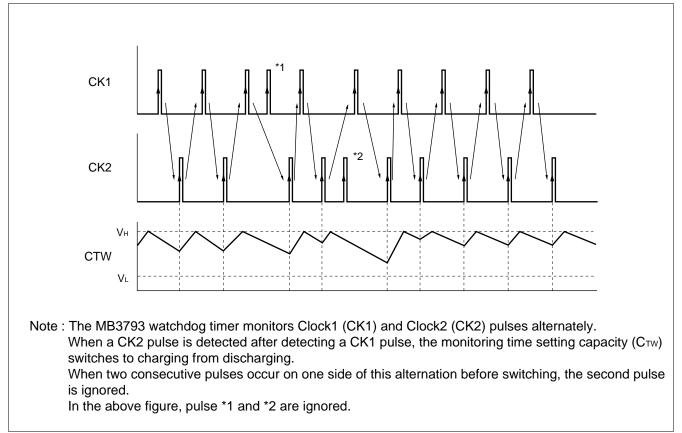
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3. Single-clock input monitoring (Positive clock pulse)







5. Clock pulse input supplementation (Positive clock pulse)

OPERATION SEQUENCE

1. Positive clock pulse input

See "1. Basic operation (positive clock pulse)" under "■ DIAGRAM."

2. Negative clock pulse input

See "2. Basic operation (negative clock pulse)" under "
DIAGRAM."

The MB3793 operates in the same way whether it inputs positive or negative pulses.

3. Clock monitoring

To use the MB3793 while monitoring only one clock, connect clock pins CK1 and CK2.

Although the MB3793 operates basically in the same way as when monitoring two clocks, it monitors the clock signal at every other input pulse.

See "3. Single-clock input monitoring (positive clock pulse)" under "
DIAGRAM."

4. Description of Operations

The numbers given to the following items correspond to numbers (1) to (13) used in "■ DIAGRAM."

- (1) The MB3793 outputs a reset signal when the supply voltage (Vcc) reaches about 0.8 V (VccL)
- (2) If Vcc reaches or exceeds the rise-time detected voltage VsH, the MB3793 starts charging the power-on reset hold time setting capacitor CTP. At this time, the output remains in a reset state. The VsH value is about 2.76 V.

(3) When C_{TP} has been charged for a certain period of time T_{PR} (until the CTP pin voltage exceeds the threshold voltage (V_{th}) after the start of charging), the MB3793 cancels the reset (setting the RESET pin to "H" level from "L" level).

The Vth value is about 2.4 V with Vcc = 3.3 V

The power-on reset hold timer monitor time t_{PR} is set with the following equation:

 t_{PR} (ms) = $A \times C_{TP}$ (μF)

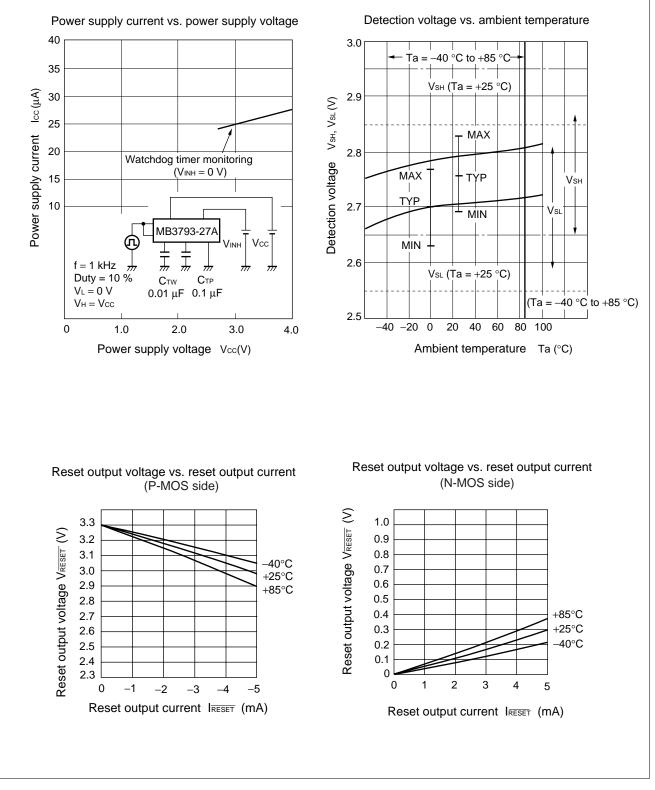
The value of A is about 750 with $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V and about 700 with $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V. The MB3793 also starts charging the watchdog timer monitor time setting capacitor (C_{TW}).

- (4) When the voltage at the watchdog timer monitor time setting pin C_{TW} reaches the "H" level threshold voltage V_H, the C_{TW} switches from the charge state to the discharge state. The value of V_H is always about 1.24 V regardless of the detected voltage.
- (5) If the CK2 pin inputs a clock pulse (positive edge trigger) when the C_{TW} is being discharged in the CK1-CK2 order or simultaneously, the C_{TW} switches from the discharge state to the charge state. The MB3793 repeats operations (4) and (5) as long as the CK1/CK2 pin inputs clock pulses with the system logic circuit operating normally.
- (6) If no clock pulse is fed to the CK1 or CK2 pin within the watchdog timer monitor time two due to some problem with the system logic circuit, the CTW pin is set to the "L" level threshold voltage V_L or less and the MB3793 outputs a reset signal (setting the RESET pin to "L" level from "H" level). The value of V_L is always about 0.24 V regardless of the detected voltage.

The watchdog timer monitor time two is set with the following equation: two (ms) = $B \times C_{TW}$ (μF) The value of B is hardly affected by the power supply voltage; it is about 1600 with Vcc = 3.0 V to 3.3 V.

- (7) When a certain period of time twe has passed (until the CTP pin voltage reaches or exceeds Vth again after recharging the C_{TP}), the MB3793 cancels the reset signal and starts operating the watchdog timer. The watchdog timer monitor reset time twe is set with the following equation: twe (ms) = D x C_{TP} (μF) The value of D is 55 with Vcc = 3.3 V and about 50 with Vcc = 3.0 V. The MB3793 repeats operations (4) and (5) as long as the CK1/CK2 pin inputs clock pulses. If no clock pulse is input, the MB3793 repeats operations (6) and (7).
- (8) If Vcc is lowered to the fall-time detected voltage (VsL) or less, the CTP pin voltage decreases and the MB3793 outputs a reset signal (setting the RESET pin to "L" level from "H" level). The value of VsL is 2.7 V
- (9) When Vcc reaches or exceeds VsH again, the MB3793 starts charging the C_{TR}
- (10) When the CTP pin voltage reaches or exceeds V_{th}, the MB3793 cancels the reset and restarts operating the watchdog timer. It repeats operations (4) and (5) as long as the CK1/CK2 pin inputs clock pulses.
- (11) Making the inhibit pin active (setting the INH pin to "H" from "L") forces the watchdog timer to stop operation. This stops only the watchdog timer, leaving the MB3793 monitoring Vcc (operations (8) to (10)). The watchdog timer remains inactive unless the inhibit input is canceled.
- (12) Canceling the inhibit input (setting the INH pin to "L" from "H") restarts the watchdog timer.
- (13) The reset signal is output when the power supply is turned off to set V_{CC} to V_{SL} or less.

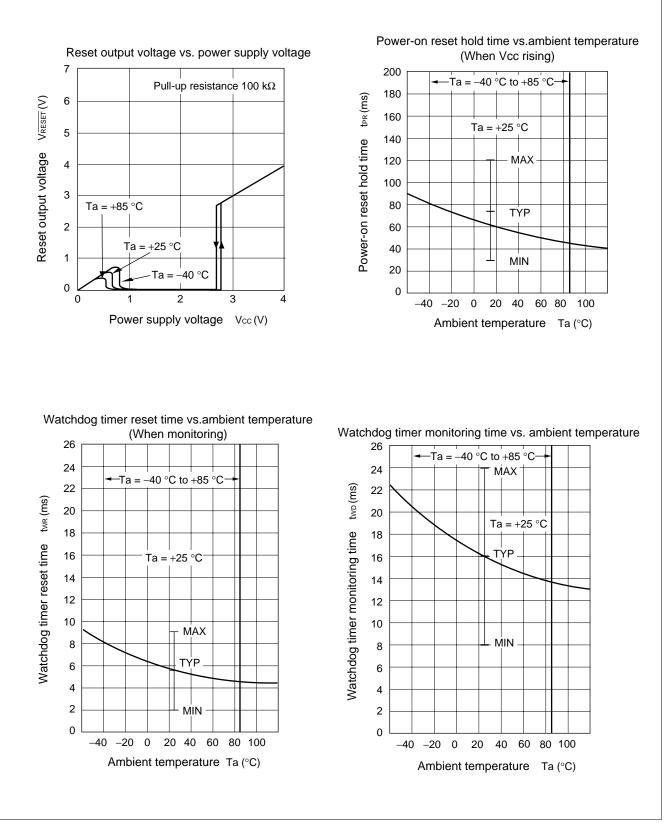
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



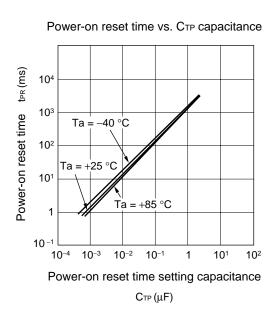
Note: Without writing the value clearly, $V_{CC} = 3.3$ (V), $C_{TP} = 0.1$ (μ F), $C_{TW} = 0.01$ (μ F).

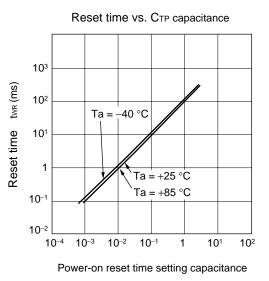
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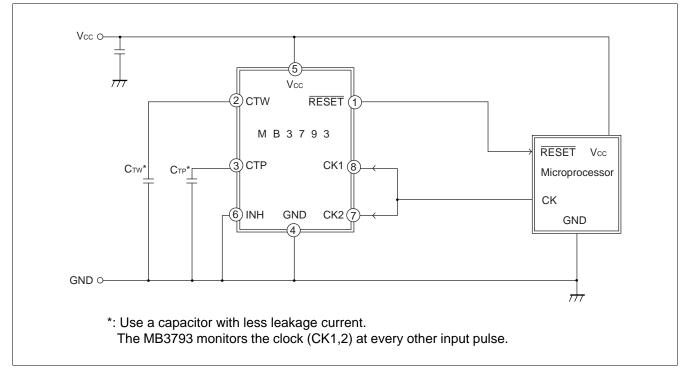
C_{TP} (μF)

Watchdog timer monitoring time two (ms) 10³ Ta = –40 °C 10² Ta = +25 °C 10¹ 1 Ta = +85 °C 10-1 10⁻³ 10-2 10-1 10-5 10-4 10¹ 1 Watchdog timer monitoring time setting capacitance CTW (µF)

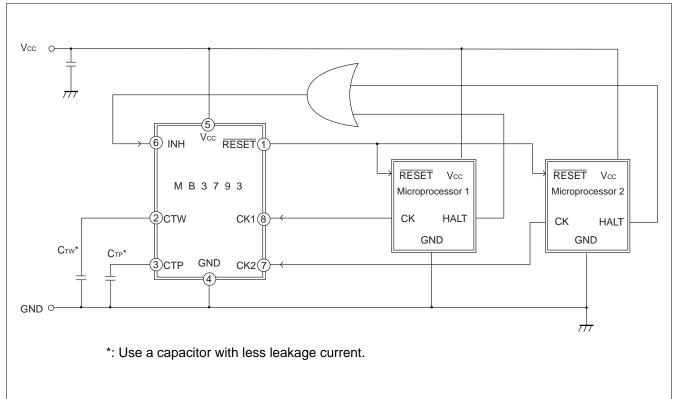
Watchdog timer monitoring time vs. CTW capacitance

■ APPLICATION EXAMPLE

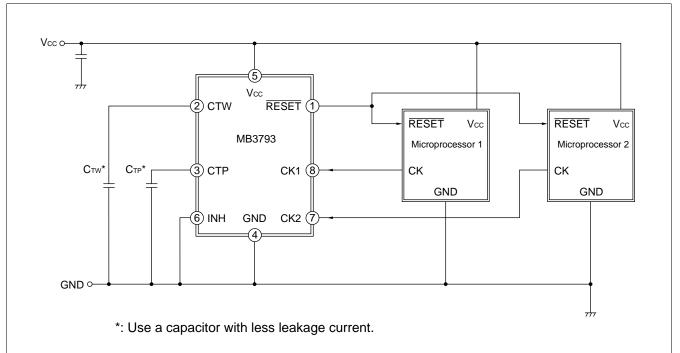
1. Supply voltage monitor and watchdog timer (1-clock monitor)



2. Supply voltage monitor and watchdog timer stop



■ TYPICAL APPLICATION



1. Equation of time-setting capacitances (CTP and CTW) and set time

 $t_{\mathsf{PR}} \text{ [ms]} = \mathsf{A} \times C_{\mathsf{TP}} \text{ [}\mu\mathsf{F]}$

two [ms]
$$=$$
 B × C_{TW} [μ F]

twr [ms] =
$$D \times C_{TP}$$
 [μF]

Values of A, B, C, and D

Α	В	С	D	Remark
750	1600	0	55	Vcc = 3.3 V
700	1600	0	50	Vcc = 3.0 V

2. Example (when $C_{TP} = 0.1 \ \mu F$ and $C_{TW} = 0.01 \ \mu F$)

	Symbol	Vcc = 3.3 V	Vcc = 3.0 V
time	t _{PR}	≒ 75	≒ 70
(ms)	two	≒ 16	≒ 16
	twr	≒ 5.5	≒ 5

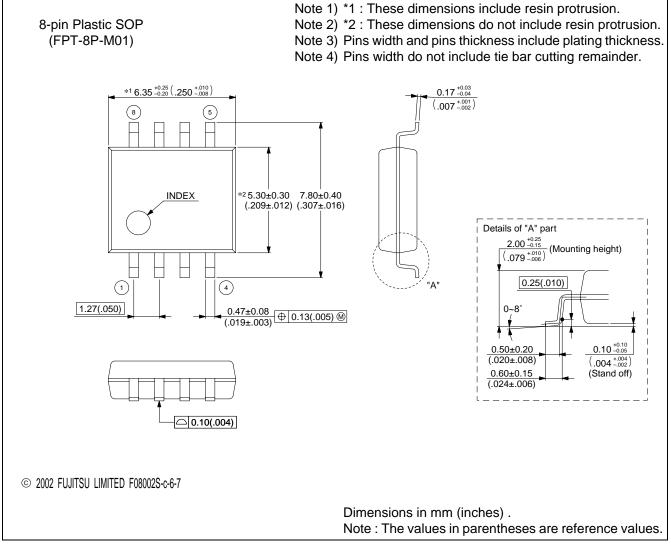
NOTES ON USE

- Take account of common impedance when designing the earth line on a printed wiring board.
- Take measures against static electricity.
 - For semiconductors, use antistatic or conductive containers.
 - When storing or carrying a printed circuit board after chip mounting, put it in a conductive bag or container.
 - The work table, tools and measuring instruments must be grounded.
 - The worker must put on a grounding device containing 250 k Ω to 1 M Ω resistors in series.
- Do not apply a negative voltage
 - Applying a negative voltage of –0.3 V or less to an LSI may generate a parasitic transistor, resulting in malfunction.

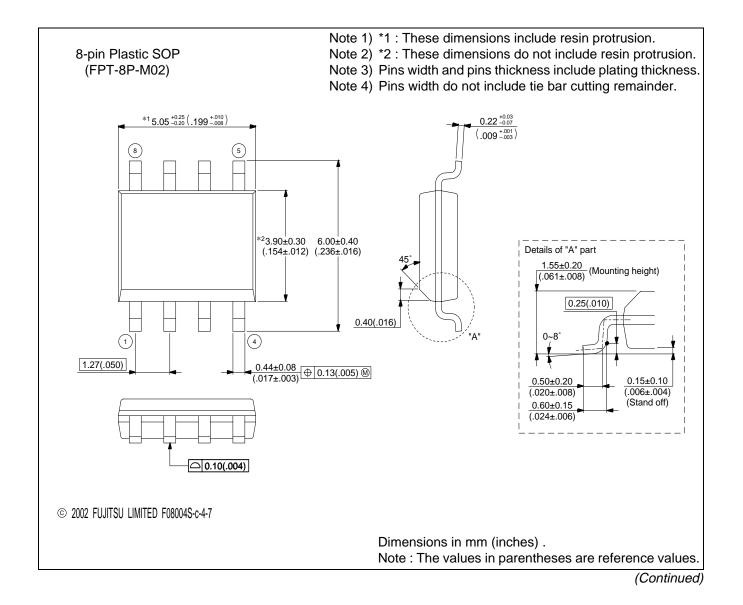
ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Marking	Remarks
MB3793-27AP	8-pin Plastic DIP (DIP-8P-M01)	3793-Y	
MB3793-27APF	8-pin Plastic SOP (FPT-8P-M01)	3793-Y	
MB3793-27APNF	8-pin Plastic SOP (FPT-8P-M02)	3793-Y	
MB3793-27APFV	8-pin Plastic SSOP (FPT-8P-M03)	93-Y	

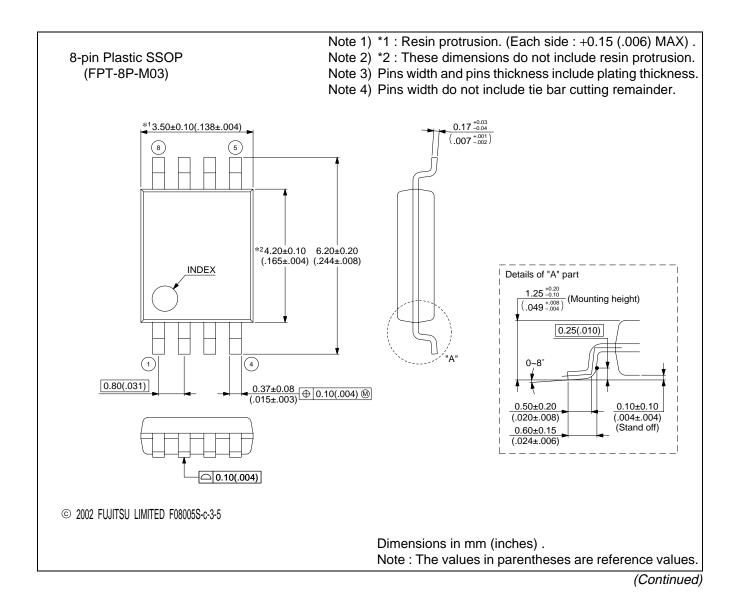
■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

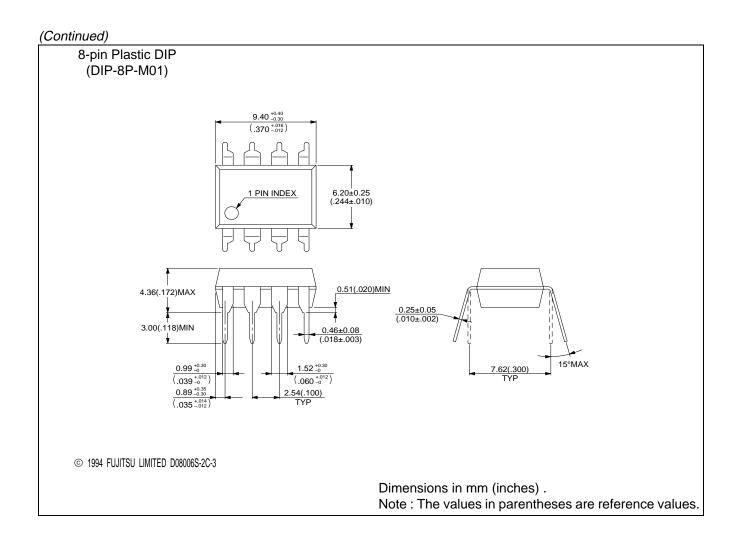


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